

A. N = a person, place, thing or idea

1) Simple = one-word

2) Compound = two nouns together as one new noun, i.e. book bag, notebook, firetruck

B. 1) proper - Names & Titles (Abraham Lincoln, Wal-Mart, President Trump)

2) common - everyday things (book, apple, pencil, town)

C. 1) concrete - tangible; touch them (flag, SmartBoard, Kody)

2) abstract - intangible (ideas) = (freedom, liberty, independence, love, hate)

2. A. PRO = a word that replaces a noun

B. Types

1. Personal - replace a person or people

1st = I, me, my, mine, we, us, our, ours

2nd = you, your, yours

3rd = he, his, him, she, her, hers, it, its, they, their, theirs, them

2. Relative - introduce ADJ/Clauses (who, whom, whose, which, that)

3. Interrogative - QUESTIONS (who, whom, whose, which, what)

4. Demonstrative - specify person/thing (this, that, these, those)

5. Reflexive - -self/-selves (themselves, himself, herself, ourselves, myself, itself, yourself, yourselves)

6. Indefinite - not specific (pp.335-336) (anybody, anyone, any, both, each, either, everyone, few, many, other, no one, etc.)

3. ANTECEDENT = the word the pronoun replaces